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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/060,203	02/01/2002	Shinji Matsuo	1752-0154P	7503
2292 7			EXAMINER	
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH			THOMPSON, CAMIE S	
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHUR	.CH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
111223 011011			1774	

DATE MAILED: 06/30/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	(V)			
. Office Action Summary		10/060,203	MATSUO ET AL.	7			
		Examiner	Art Unit	· _			
	_	Camie S Thompson	1774				
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THE - Exter after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA asions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. FOR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a cation. ays, a reply within the statutory minimum of thiory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO. by statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	7			
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed of	on <u>29 <i>April 2004</i></u> .					
2a)□	•						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the appli 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from consideration.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
,	The specification is objected to by the E						
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a						
	Applicant may not request that any objection			ı x			
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including th The oath or declaration is objected to b			·)•			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)□ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the International See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of application from the International See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of application from the International See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the certified copies of the priority do	ocuments have been received. In the priority documents have been the priority documents have been the large of the large o	Application No n received in this National Stage				
2) Notice 3) Infor	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT er No(s)/Mail Date	9-948), Paper No.	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 				
	100	·					

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Applicant's amendment and accompanying remarks filed April 29, 2004 have been acknowledged.
- 2. Examiner acknowledges amended claims 1, 6 and 7.
- 3. Examiner acknowledges cancelled claim 5.
- 4. Examiner acknowledges newly added claims 8 and 9.
- 5. The rejection of claims 1-3 and 6-7 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hatwar et al., U.S. Patent Number 6,475,648 is withdrawn due to applicant's argument.
- 6. The rejection of claims 1 and 4 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hatwar et al., U.S. Patent Number 6,475,648 in view of Shi et al., U.S. Patent Number 5,593,788 is withdrawn due to applicant's argument.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

8. Claims 1-4, 6-7 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hung et al., U.S. Patent Number 6,069,442.

Hung discloses an organic electroluminescent device comprising an anode, an organic hole transporting layer, an organic luminescent layer, an electron transporting layer and a cathode (see abstract and column 2, lines 1-9). Additionally, the reference discloses that the hole transporting layer comprises N-N'-bis-(1-naphthyl)-N-N'-diphenylbenzidine as per instant claims 1-4, 6-7

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and 9 (see column 5, lines 12-15). Column 3, lines 42-60 of the Hung reference disclose that the luminescent layer comprises tris(8-quinolinato) aluminum as per the instant claims. The Hung reference does not disclose the initial luminescent attenuation. However, this is a physical property of the device that comprises N-N'-bis-(1-naphthyl)-N-N'-diphenylbenzidine for the hole transporting layer and tris(8-quinolinato) aluminum for the luminescent layer. The operating time in which the initial luminescences attenuates 10% would be expected to exceed 100 hours in a live test, as this would be inherent. Claims 1, 6-7 and 9 are product-by-process claims. Even though product-by-process claims are limited and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claims is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior art was made by a different process. See MPEP 2113. The purifying of the crude tertiary amine by sublimation or distillation by the reaction of a haloaryl compound with an aryl amine does not make the end product of the instant application a different product form the Hung reference. Both Hung and applicant have an electroluminescent device comprising an organic luminescent material such as N-N'-bis-(1-naphthyl)-N-N'-diphenylbenzidine that is used in the hole-transporting layer. Also, both Hung and applicant have an electroluminescent device comprising tris(8-quinolinato) aluminum that is used in the luminescent layer. The administration of a live test to the device does not make the device a different EL device from the Hung reference. The Hung reference has the same components comprising the same materials as applicant. The organic electroluminescent material and device of the instant

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application is the same as the organic electroluminescent material and device of the Hung reference.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hung et al., U.S. Patent Number 6,069,442.

Hung discloses an organic electroluminescent device comprising an anode, an organic hole transporting layer, an organic luminescent layer, an electron transporting layer and a cathode (see abstract and column 2, lines 1-9). Additionally, the reference discloses that the hole transporting layer comprises N-N'-bis-(1-naphthyl)-N-N'-diphenylbenzidine as per instant claim 8(see column 5, lines 12-15). Column 3, lines 42-60 of the Hung reference disclose that the luminescent layer comprises tris(8-quinolinato) aluminum as per the instant claims. The Hung reference does not disclose the initial luminescent attenuation. However, this is a physical property of the device that comprises N-N'-bis-(1-naphthyl)-N-N'-diphenylbenzidine for the hole transporting layer and tris(8-quinolinato) aluminum for the luminescent layer. The operating time in which the initial luminescences attenuates 10% would be expected to exceed 100 hours in a live test, as this would be inherent. Claim 1, 6-7 and 9 are product-by-process claims. Even though product-by-process claims are limited and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does

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not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claims is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior art was made by a different process. See MPEP 2113. The purifying of the crude tertiary amine by sublimation or distillation by the reaction of a haloaryl compound with an aryl amine does not make the end product of the instant application a different product form the Hung reference. Both Hung and applicant have an electroluminescent device comprising an organic luminescent material such as N-N'-bis-(1-naphthyl)-N-N'-diphenylbenzidine that is used in the hole-transporting layer. Also, both Hung and applicant have an electroluminescent device comprising tris(8-quinolinato) aluminum that is used in the luminescent layer. The administration of a live test to the device does not make the device a different EL device from the Hung reference. The Hung reference has the same components comprising the same materials as applicant. The organic electroluminescent material and device of the instant application is the same as the organic electroluminescent and device of the Hung reference. The Hung reference does not disclose that the tertiary aryl amine forming a triarylamine contains 0.5 weight percent or less of compound (A) possessing one less nitrogen atom forming triarylamines and or 1 weight percent or less of compound (B) possessing one more nitrogen atom forming diarylamino groups than the tertiary aryl amine. The weight percent of the compound (A) and/or (B) affects the purity of the triarylamine used in the hole transporting layer. However, this is an optimizable feature. Discovery of optimum values of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art in re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to have a tertiary aryl amine containing 2 to 4 nitrogen atoms each forming a triarylamine, containing 0.5wt% or less of compound (A)

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possessing one less nitrogen atom forming triarylamines and/or or 1 wt% or less of compound (b) possessing one more nitrogen forming diarylamino groups than the tertiary arylamine in order to have a hole transporting layer that contains N-N'-bis-(1-naphthyl)-N-N'-diphenylbenzidine with little impurities.

Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-7 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the examiner should be directed to Camie S. Thompson whose telephone number is (571) 272-1530. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 7:30 am to 4:00 pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia H. Kelly, can be reached at (571) 272-1526. The fax phone number for the Group is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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